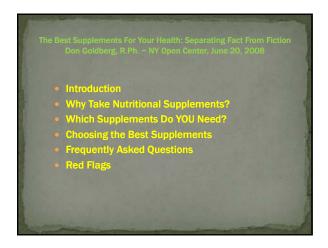
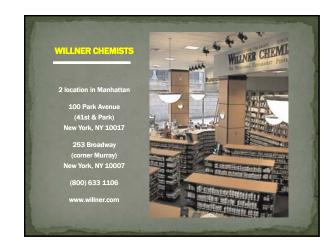
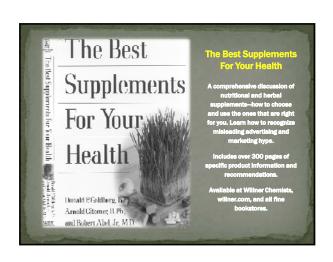
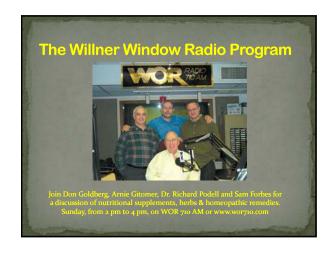
The Best Supplements For Your Health: Separating Fact from Fiction Don Goldberg, R.Ph.



Who is Don Goldberg? Registered Pharmacist, California Dir Quality Control, Ingram Pharmaceutical Co Dir Quality Control, Boericke & Runyon Dir Quality Control, Shaklee Corp President, Vitamix Inc VP Operations, Faraday Labs/Nutri Dyn Sales/Marketing, Lewis-Gitomer Labs Prod Dev/Marketing, Arkopharma Inc President, Pharmaceutical Nutritional Systems Co-Owner, Willner Chemists









The Best Supplements For Your Health: Separating Fact From Fiction
Don Goldberg, R.Ph. ~ NY Open Center, June 20, 2008

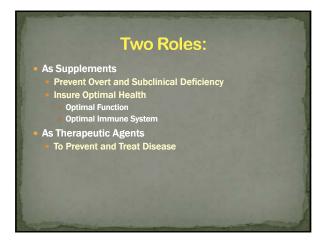
Introduction
Why Take Nutritional Supplements?
Which Supplements Do YOU Need?
Choosing the Best Supplements
Frequently Asked Questions
Red Flags

Nutritional Supplement: Definition Narrow Definition: A nutrient, or nutrients, in a form other than as it occurs in food. Regulatory Definition: Any natural substance intended for oral use but not intended to cure, treat, or mitigate disease.

What Are Nutritional Supplements? Vitamins Minerals Amino Acids Accessory Food Factors Herbs Phytonutrients Homeopathic Remedies Food Concentrates

Supplements VS Diet Fish Oils (Omega 3) Calcium Vitamin B12 Eat Your Vegetables! Sulforaphane kills helicobacter pylori Sulforaphane may ameliorate skin disease Isothiocynates lower bladder cancer risk Higher Kaempferol (a flavonol found primarily in broccoli) reduces CHD Mortality in Women Indole-3-carbinol – healthy cell growth. [Cancer!]

"There is a misperception that raw foods are always going to be better," says
Steven K. Clinton, a nutrition researcher and professor of internal medicine in
the medical oncology division at Ohio State University. "For fruits and
vegetables, a lot of times a little bit of cooking and a little bit of processing
actually can be helpful."





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Dietary Inadequacies?

Are You a Vegetarian?

• Vitamin B12

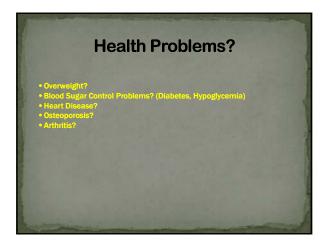
Do You Dislike Vegetables & Fruit?
Do You Love Sugar and Grease?

• Green Food Concentrate

• Omega 3 Oils

Special Needs & Goals?

Sports, Training?
Protein and/or Amino Acids
B-complex Vitamins
Connective Tissue Support
Longevity?
Anti-Oxidant Nutrients
Pregnancy?



Overweight? • Fiber Supplements • CLA (Conjugated Linolelic Acid) • Licorice Flavonoid Extract (Glavonoid) • GreenTea • Chromium • Meal Replacement Formulas • Hydroxycitric Acid, Hoodia, Bitter Orange, Guarana

Blood Sugar Control (Diabetes) ALA (Alpha Lipoic Acid) Chromium Fenugreek, Ginseng, Cinnamon, Gymnema Fiber, Beta-Glucan Acetyl-L-Carnitine B-Complex vitamins

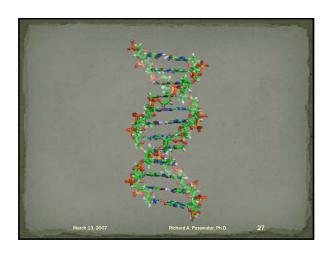


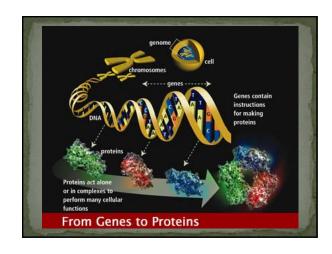


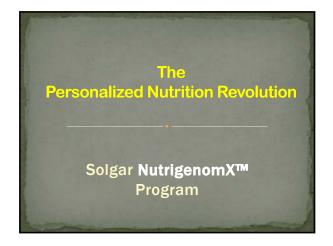


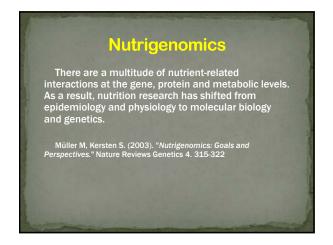












Personalized Nutrition

- Nutrigenetics examines the individual's unique make-up and determines which vitamins, minerals and other nutrients are necessary for optimal health.
- Diet and lifestyle also are important in determining supplement needs.
- It's all about understanding what one's unique genetic profile is. We've now established that some people have naturally higher requirements in certain areas, based on their genetic profile.

Our physical uniqueness is largely due to SNPs

The DNA between any two humans is about 99.1% identical. Except for identical twins, variations in just a small fraction of our DNA account for the major ways in which one human is different from another. These small variations in DNA are called SNPs, which stands for 'single nucleotide polymorphisms' or (SNPs, pronounced 'snips').

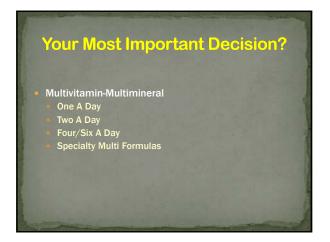
Traffic pollution linked to childhood allergies, study says

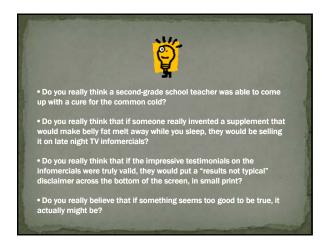
- German researchers say they have found some of the strongest evidence yet linking traffic pollution to childhood allergies.
- The risk of developing asthma, hay fever, eczema or other allergies is about 50 percent higher for children living 50 metres (yards) from a busy road than for those living 1,000 meters away, they said. . .
- The study followed 3,000 healthy children from all over Munich for six years from birth to determine rates of allergy-related diseases and exposure to traffic pollution.

- Which Supplements Do YOU Need?
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How Do You Choose The **Right Supplement Product?** Separating Fact from Fiction











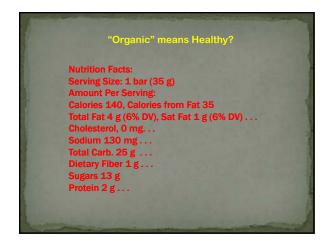






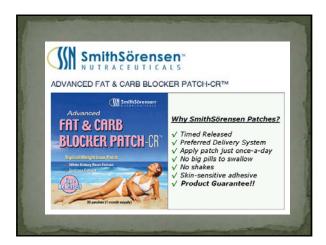
















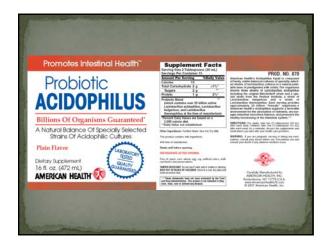


What Is The Problem?

Is there any reason to think it works?
...i.e. any reason to think these nutrients will be delivered through the skin?

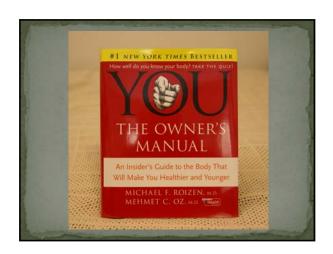


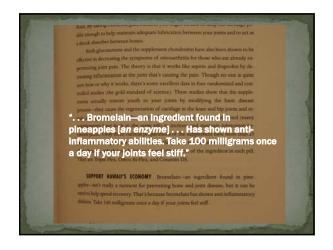


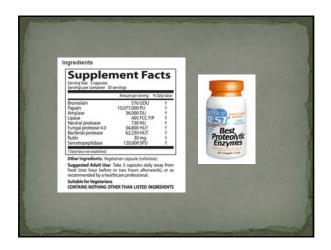






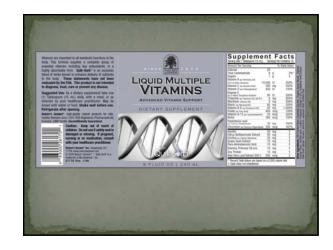


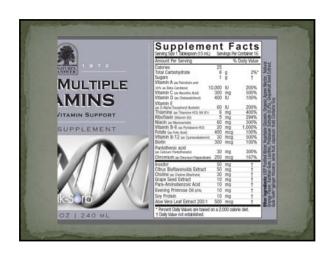




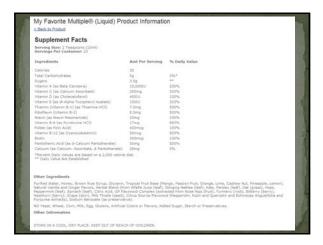


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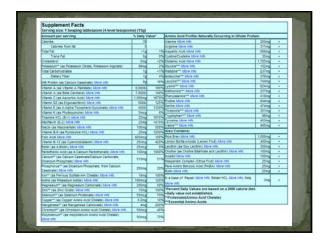














Vitamin D & Depression A recent study found that people with minor or major depression had lower vitamin D levels than people without depression. The study, published in the Archives of General Psychiatry, was conducted in the high-latitude country of the Netherlands (where sun exposure is limited) and included people age 65 and older. Vitamin D levels in 169 people with minor depression and 26 people with major depression were compared with those from 1,087 people without depression. Vitamin D levels were 14% lower in the people with major and minor depression compared with nondepressed people. Levels of parathyroid hormone, the hormone that helps regulate calcium levels in the body, was 5% higher in people with major depression. When vitamin D levels are low, parathyroid hormone levels tend to rise, and high levels of this hormone have been linked to depression in the past.

A Good Dietary Source? "Cod Liver Oil is an excellent dietary source of vitamin D, as are vitamin D-fortified foods. Traces of vitamin D are found in egg yolks and butter. However, the majority of vitamin D in the body is created during a chemical reaction that starts with sunlight exposure to the skin. Cholecalciferol (vitamin D3) is the animal form of this vitamin."

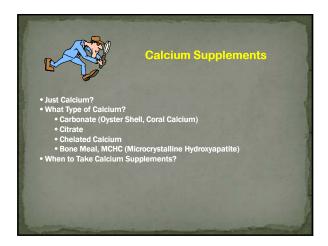
Vitamin D - Dosage?

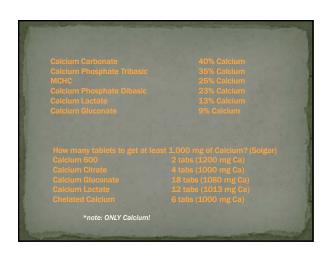
"Most people take 400 IU per day, a safe amount for adults. Some researchers believe that amounts up to 10,000 IU per day are safe for the average healthy adult, although adverse effects may occur even at lower levels among people with hypersensitivity to vitamin D (e.g. hyperparathyroidism). In fact, of all published cases of vitamin D toxicity for which a vitamin D amount is known, only one occurred at a level of intake under 40,000 IU per day. Nevertheless, people wishing to take more than 1,000 IU per day for long periods of time should consult a physician. People should remember the total daily intake of vitamin D includes vitamin D from fortified milk and other fortified foods, cod liver oil, supplements that contain vitamin D, and sunlight. People who receive adequate sunlight exposure do not need as much vitamin D in their diet as do people who receive minimal sunlight exposure."

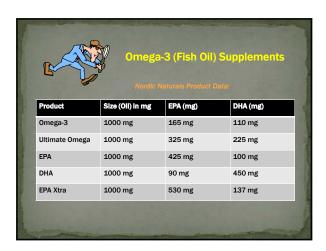
Vitamin D - Supplemental

The term "vitamin D" refers to several different forms of this vitamin. Two forms are important in humans: ergocalciferol (vitamin D2) and cholecalciferol (vitamin D3). Vitamin D2 is synthesized by plants. Vitamin D3 is synthesized by humans in the skin when it is exposed to ultraviolet-B (UVB) rays from sunlight. Foods may be fortified with vitamin D2 or D3.

The major biologic function of vitamin D is to maintain normal blood levels of calcium and phosphorus. Vitamin D aids in the absorption of calcium, helping to form and maintain strong bones. Recently, research also suggests vitamin D may provide protection from osteoporosis, hypertension (high blood pressure), cancer, and several autoimmune diseases.







EPA vs. DHA? EPA: Supports Cardiovascular and Circulatory Health • Promotes Anti-Inflammatory Series 3 Prostaglandin (PGE-3) DHA: Supports Brain, Nervous System, and Visual Function; important during pregnancy and lactation.



